Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace (IcSP)

Article 5 – Global and Trans-regional Threats

DEVCO B/5 Stability, Security, Development and Nuclear Safety

European Commission
Brussels, 28 November 2016
IcSP Financial Envelope 2014-2020
Total: EUR 2,338 million

Article 3
Response to situations of crisis or emerging crisis to prevent conflicts
70%
FPI

Article 4
Conflict prevention, crisis preparedness and peace-building
9%
FPI

Article 5
Global and trans-regional threats and emerging threats
21%
DEVCO
Overview – Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace (IcSP)

Global and trans-regional and emerging threats

- Countering Terrorism
- Fighting Organised Crime
- Protecting Critical Infrastructures
- Security threats emanating from Climate Change
- CBRN Risk Mitigation
- Major threats public health
- Dismantlement weapons related programs
Geographical Scope

Countering global and trans-regional threats with partner countries
IcSP Article 5 (2014-2017)
EUR 275.5 million € ~ 70M/year

- Support measures: 9.3 mil €
- Counter Terrorism: 72 mil €
- Fight against Organised Crime: 71 mil €
- CBRN Risk mitigation: 85 mil €
- Climate Change and Security: 11 mil €
- Critical Infrastructure Protection: 27.5 mil €
Work Programme 2017

I Management Committee 4 July 2017

II Commission Decision August 2017

III Implementation September 2017 onwards
IcSP - Project Cycle

Monitoring & evaluation → Identification

Implementation → Decision

Contracting → Award
# Project cycle

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<th>I. Identification</th>
<th>Experts M-S</th>
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<td>AML/CFT Global</td>
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<td>Criminal Justice/prison derad.</td>
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<td>STRIVE (Afghanistan)</td>
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<td>Falsified Medicine</td>
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<td>Cyber Crime – GLACY++</td>
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<td>Maritime Security (ports)</td>
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<td>Climate Change project</td>
<td>Africa or SE Asia</td>
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<td>Global</td>
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<td>Expert Support Facility</td>
<td>Global</td>
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**Total Amount:** 64,900,000
The objective is to **disrupt terrorist networks & activities** of recruiters, **cut off terrorist funding** and **bring terrorists to justice** while respecting human rights and international law.

**Priority actions:**
- Law enforcement capacity building
- STRIVE
IcSP 2017 - Smuggling of migrants (SoM)

In light of the migrant crisis, the IcSP can bring added-value with its trans-regional scope tackling SoM from the organised crime perspective and thereby contribute to the implementation of the EU Action Plan against migrant smuggling.

A team of MS experts are helping define the action in detail, in parallel with the ongoing revision of the EU THB Strategy and the evident overlaps with the migrant smuggling challenge.
IcSP 2017 - SALW

- Previous IcSP actions received a positive evaluation in 2016
- Continued support to iArms was secured in 2015

This action will draw on the recommendations of the external evaluation and aims to counter transnational illicit arms trafficking through the implementation of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its Firearm Protocol.
Falsified medicines are a major threat to public safety

Trafficking of falsified medicines earns criminals an estimated EUR 180 billion annually

Building on the experiences of an earlier falsified medicines action coming to an end in 2016, this action will aim to develop a regional strategy to fight against falsified medicines trafficking through the existing Eastern and Central Africa CBRN Centres of Excellence.
GLACY+ strengthens states' capacities to apply legislation on cybercrime and electronic evidence and enhances international cooperation.

GLACY++ is an expansion which will allow better engagement with regional organisations such as RECs in Africa, OAS, ASEAN, etc. This is important as regional legal instruments on cybercrime are being developed at an increasing rate and the need for ensuring compliance with the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime is ever more pertinent in the context of the global cyber polarisation.
IcSP 2017 – Critical Infrastructure – Maritime Security (Ports)

- Previous IcSP actions supported information exchange
- As well as secure shipping routes, ships need to be able to dock in secure African ports
- In 2017 focus will be on strategic harbours border control and security
- The new action will combine training for different national agencies with the provision of limited equipment
- Focus will be on searching for and disposing of prohibited items, and the handling and processing of legal but dangerous goods
Climate change is a threat multiplier. The action aims to transform the potential for conflicts into opportunities for cooperation.

The action will focus on the water-security nexus in fragile contexts.

Activities will mainly be in fragile and vulnerable areas within the Arab region (Jordan River Basin and Northern Saharan Aquifer System) and the Niger River Basin.
IcSP 2017 - CBRN

- Management of chemical waste
- Border control in North Africa and Sahel: Illicit trafficking of RN materials in the Caucasus and Eastern Europe
- Chemical risk mitigation of Seveso type of installations in the African Atlantic Façade (AAF) and East and Central Africa (ECA);
- Biosecurity in Central Asia; security of transport of dangerous substances in AAF;
- Export control of Dual-Use technologies, knowledge and materials in South East Asia;
- Complementary medical first responders equipment in the Middle East;
- Further deployment of On Site technical Assistance (OSA) in the regional Centres.
Thank you for your attention