



NDICI –GE Peace, Stability and Conflict Prevention thematic programme 2021-2027

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- > All IcSP priorities confirmed in the NDICI with new areas of intervention
 - To note that former art 3 is now under the Rapid Response Pillar the crisis response envelope
 - Capacity building assistance to military actors in support of development and security for development ('CBDSD') - as an implementing modality under both areas of intervention (possible under all 3 pillars of NDICI with a overall cap of 270million euros)
- > Partnership with civil society organisations
- > Mix of global and local approaches (however, no geographical focus)
- > Multilateralism and partnership with international organisations
- > Yearly operational priorities (AAPs) on the basis of broad MIP priorities
- > Testing ideas, attention on lessons learning and sharing of experience





Further focus on:

- New global and trans-regional challenges: terrorism and radicalisation, climate change, global disinformation, cyber security, harmful online content / use of social media
- More inclusive (children, youth and women as actors for peace) and conflict sensitive approaches (promotion of a culture for peace, cultural heritage)





- Area of intervention 1: Assistance for conflict prevention, peacebuilding and crisis preparedness (former art 4 of IcSP)
 - Enhancing analytical tools, methodologies, and mechanisms to better detect early signs of conflicts, monitor conflict and design appropriate responses
 - Promoting conflict prevention and conflict resolution measures, including by facilitating and building capacity in confidence-building, mediation, dialogue and reconciliation processes
 - Supporting peace processes and transitions of conflict-affected societies/ communities, including stabilisation and peacebuilding efforts.





- Area of intervention 2: Addressing global, trans-regional and emerging threats (former Art. 5 of IcSP)
 - Counter-terrorism, including preventing and countering violent extremism and radicalisation;
 - Mitigation of threats posed by intentional, accidental or naturally occurring release of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear (CBRN) materials or agents and related risks to installations or sites;
 - Fighting the global and trans-regional aspects of organised crime;
 - Addressing trans-regional and global threats to critical infrastructure;
 - Addressing the global and trans-regional effects of climate change and related environmental factors having a potentially destabilising impact on peace and security





Financial aspects

➢ Financial percentage ranges for all MIP priorities - They reflect identified needs in the priority areas, what has been achieved with IcSP and necessary complementarity with other funding programmes

➢ Translated into annual expenditure – based on the envelope set in NDICI-Global Europe Regulation Article 6.

Contribution to the NDICI-Global Europe overarching spending targets (Climate, human development and migration)

>Use of individual and support measures (for experts facilities, studies and events)